1. Discuss in detail about the three pillars on which karma theory rests.
2. Is Astrology a science or an art? Discuss.
3. Fill in the blanks
   (a) Dalvagya Vallabha is written by _________
   (b) The famous book written by Mantreswara is _________.
   (c) Dharma Houses in a horoscope are _______.
   (d) The five skandhas of astrology are_______________.
   (e) “Shiksha” is one of the ________.
   (f) In a horoscope marriage can be seen from _____ house and progeny
       can be seen from _____ house.
   (g) The four Vedas are _________.
   (h) Samhita deals with ________ part of astrology.
   (i) Jataka Prarjata is written by _________.
   (j) The three kinds of bodies are _________.

4. Write a short notes on the following
   (a) Shruti & Smriti (b) Shreyas & Preyas karmas (c) Fate & Free will
   (d) Rinanubhandhan

5. Answer the following
   (a) State five important qualities of an astrologer.
   (b) Two dating techniques in astrology

**PART-II (ASTRONOMY RELEVANT TO ASTROLOGY)**

6. Define the following
   (a) Lunar day & Sidereal Day (b) Solar month & Lunar month
   (c) Sidereal Year & Tropical Year (d) Lunar Year & Light year

7. What are the major differences between Western Astronomy & Indian
   Astronomy?

8. What are Upagrahas? Calculate Dhuma, Patha, Paridhi, Indrachapa &
   Indrachapa if Sun’s Nirayana Longitude is 13d 20m.

9. Write a short notes on the following
   (a) Luni Solar year (b) Comets (c) Nutation (d) Nodes of the Moon

10. Answer the following.
    (a) Explain the precession of Equinox.
    (b) How planets become retrograde?

2. Define the following:
   (a) Rasi chart and Bhava chart (b) Rasi Chart and Navamsa Chart
   (c) Janma Rasi and Janma Nakshatra (d) Ascendant and Tenth House (e)

3. Answer the following.
   (a) What is the Navamsa Rasi of Sun posited in Taurus 3d50m?
   (b) What is the drekkana Rasi of the Moon posited in Scorpio19d 10m?
   (c) What is the nakshatrapada of Vargottama Saturn posited in Uchcha Rasi?
   (d) Sun is in Aries 6d32m. Moon is in Virgo 28d 20m. What is the titi?
   (e) In above case which paksha it is?
   (f) If Sun’s longitude is 10s 3d 23m and Moon’s longitude is 3s 4d 16m, what is the yoga?
   (g) Sun is in the 7th house of a horoscope. In which part of the day native is born?
   (h) Sun is in Aquarius. Which ayan (Uttarayan/Dakshinaayan) is there?
   (i) Jupiter is in 148 degrees. What is the sign and degrees in that sign?
   (j) How many navamsas are there in the complete zodiac?

4. Answer the following for the given horoscope:
   Asc.-Cancer 10:15; Sun-Aries 16:59; Moon-Leo 12:33; Mars-Taurus 20:30;
   Mercury-Aries 26:20; Jupiter-Gemini 29:49; Venus-Pisces 14:50; Saturn-
   Libra 25:20 Rahu-Sagittarius 5:55. (1st May 1955, 12:00; Mumbai)
   (a) State Nakshatra padas for Lagna, all the planets.
   (b) Prepare Navamsa and Dasamsa charts.

5. What is the methodology to find the Vimsotari mahadasa balance at birth?
   Calculate the same for the horoscope Q4 and also calculate period of all
   Mahadasas.

6. Answer the following:
   a) Why 2nd and 7th house are known as marakas?
   b) What is yoga karaka planet?
   c) What is indicated by three Moksha bhavas?
   d) What is Chandra kundali and what is it’s importance?

7. Explain the following
   (a) Dusthanas (b) Trishadaya houses (c) Yogakaraka (d) Laxmi Narayana Yoga

8. State five significations for each of the following.
   (a) Lagna (b) Jupiter (c) Mars (d) X house (e) Libra

9. Explain the Neecha Bhanga Raja Yoga with suitable example.

10. Determine with reason the functional benefic planets and functional malefic planets for Libra and Scorpio Ascendant.
1. Answer the following
   (a) What is “Yoga” in astrology? Explain its role in delineating a horoscope.
   (b) Explain Mahabhagya Yoga with suitable example.
2. (a) Explain the importance of Lagna, the Sun and the Moon in delineating
     the chart.
   (b) What are the yogas formed with respect to Sun and Moon?
3. Mention atleast four Yogas available in the given chart and explain their results.
   Asc. - Cancer 10:15; Sun-Aries 16:59; Moon-Leo 12:33; Mars-Taurus 20:30;
   Mercury-Aries 26:20; Jupiter-Gemini 29:49; Venus-Pisces 14:50; SaturnR-
   Libra 25:20
   Rahu-Sagittarius 5:55. (1st May 1955; 12:00; Mumbai)
4. Write a short note on the following.
   (a) Retrograde Planet (b) Bhavat Bhavam (c) Bhava Madhya (d) Combust
       Planet
5. What houses are analyzed for finances and marital happiness? Give your
   opinion on the same for the chart given in Q 3.

PART-II (DASA AND TRANSIT)
6. What are the general principles that should be kept in mind while analyzing
   Mahadasa results?
7. The Moon was in Aquarius at the time of Saturn’s transit in to Scorpio on 2nd
   Nov. 2014.
   Decide the Moorty of Saturn for Aries, Taurus, Gemini and Cancer Janma
   Rasis.
8. Answer the following.
   (a) What are the results of Moon Mahadasha for the chart in Q.3?
   (b) What are the results of Saturn's transit in Leo in chart in Q 3?
9. Answer the following.
   (a) Explain the calculation methodology of Yogini Mahadasa.
   (b) What are the auspicious and inauspicious positions for all outer planets
       and Rahu from Janma Rasi?
10. Answer the following.
    (a) Explain the general results of Antardasas of all planets in Jupiter
        mahadasa.
    (b) Explain the Paryaya Phala of Jupiter.
PART-I (TAJIKA)

1. Prepare Annual Solar Return chart for the year 2014 for the native born on
   Sunday, 1st May 1955, at 12:00 in Mumbai (72E50; 18N56).
2. Explain the important Yogas in Tajika.
   Are there any important Auspicious Yogas available in the Annual Chart Q5?
3. State True or False
   1. Tajik system is effectively used in Prasna.
   2. Khalil yoga spoils Kamboola yoga.
   3. In Tajik system, planets do not have natural enmity or friendship between
   them.
   4. Two retrograde planets within Deeptamsa can form Ithasai.
   5. A planet placed in own Hudda is considered equivalent to placement in
   own sign.
   6. Bandhan Saham is useful in analyzing hospitalization.
   7. Mercury and Sun placed 20 degrees apart in the same sign can influence
   each other.
   8. Sex of Mercury is taken as neutral in Tajik.
   9. Harsha bala is used to ascertain stronger planet among Panchadhikaris
   for deciding the year lord.
   10. There are male and female houses in Tajik.
4. What is Saham? How is it useful in delineating Annual chart? Calculate
   Punya saham, Mrityu saham and Shatru saham for chart in Q5.
5. What are the combinations for marriage in Tajika Chart? Verify the given
   annual chart for the same.
   Asc.-Taurus 19:59; Sun-Gemini 3:39; Moon-Aquarius 23:02; Mars-Virgo
   20:07; MercuryR-Gemini 5:10; Jupiter-Cancer 0:04; Venus-Taurus 0:37;
   SaturnR-Libra 23:28; Rahu-Libra 1:21 (DOB: 18 June 1970; 21:52; 28N39,
   77E13. Muntha is in Virgo)

PART-II (MUHURTHA)

6. What are the important factors to be considered while electing a Muhurtha for
   Marriage?
7. Answer the following.
   (a) What are Shodasa Samskaras?
   (b) What is the importance of Lagna in Muhurtha?
8. What are the auspicious and inauspicious yogas those are formed due to
   the combination of
   Tithi and Vara & Vara and Nakshatra?
9. Write a short notes on the following.
   (a) Samkranti (b) Rikta Tithi (c) Vishiti Karana (d) Mrityu Panchaka
10. Discuss the classification of Tithi and Nakshatra.